Open access online encyclopedia: an important component of knowledge infrastructure

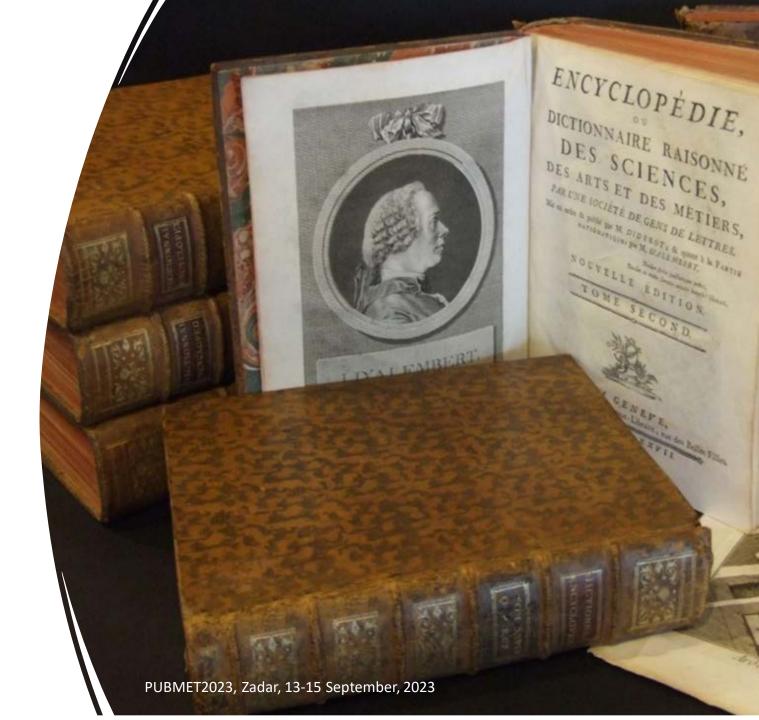
Nataša Jermen

The Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography



## Encyclopedia

- The term encyclopedia is generally thought of as indicating a device which systematically organizes knowledge of a known, or knowable world (Featherstone and Venn, 2006)
- In the digital age a professionally edited online encyclopedia enables systemic and reliable orientation within the ever-increasing amount of data and information



## Encyclopedia in the digital age

- Functionality and usability of encyclopedias are enhanced enormously facilitated distribution, accessibility and usage of encyclopaedic knowledge
- ➤ Digital technologies changed the epistemic configuration of encyclopedias ways of preparing, organising and presenting encyclopaedic knowledge are transformed (continuous updating and expanding of the content is enabled, as well as for collaboration between the content providers and users)
- ➤ Tranformation of encyclopedias into platforms (or portals) for knowledge dissemination, sharing and networking new concept of encyclopedias in the digital realm

## Professionally edited open access national encyclopedias

- ➤ Contribute to raising the level of public knowledge in the user's mother tongue
- ➤ Provide a connection between experts and average citizens, acting as an important science communication tool as such should be at the core of the knowledge infrastructure of any modern society
- ➤ Play an important role in the struggle against misinformation and disinformation provided by unreliable digital sources of knowledge

## The Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography

- Public institution of special interest for the Republic of Croatia (founded in 1950)
- Only Croatian institution that is systematically engaged in lexicography and encyclopedistics

   the professional as well as the research discipline within the field of information and communication sciences

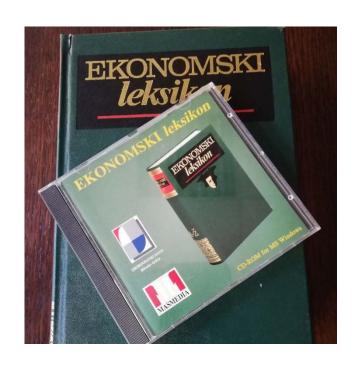




The Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography

- Mission to systematise, preserve and communicate knowledge in the broadest span of fields and disciplines
- More than 400 published volumes of encyclopaedias, dictionaries, lexicons, bibliographies and other editions

### First Institute's digital editions







World-Traveller

Lexicon of Economy CD\_ROM (1995)

Croatia Tourist Guide CD\_ROM (2000)

Pocket device World-Traveller - 15 language translator (1998)

## Institute's digital transformation (since 2008):

- > Digitisation and online publishing of archival print editions
- > Publishing of the constantly updated online general encyclopedia
- > Transformation of specialised encyclopaedias into encyclopaedic portals

# Digital and digitised open access content:

#### Content online:

More than 270 000 open access encycopedic entries

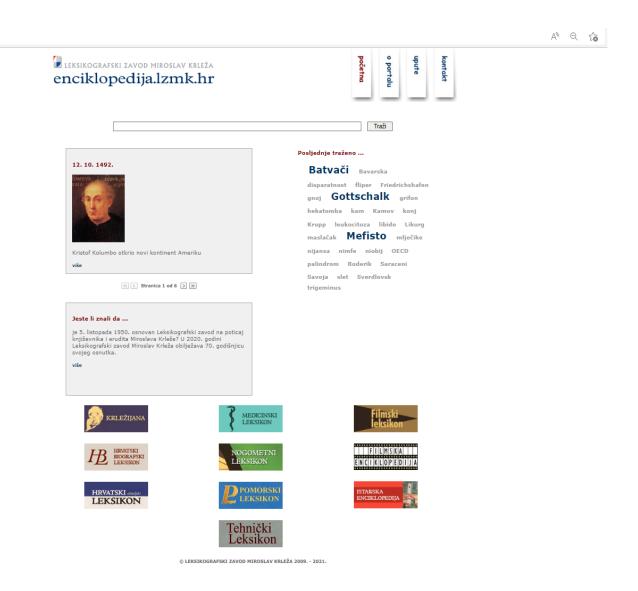
#### • In 2022:

More than 15 million pageviews



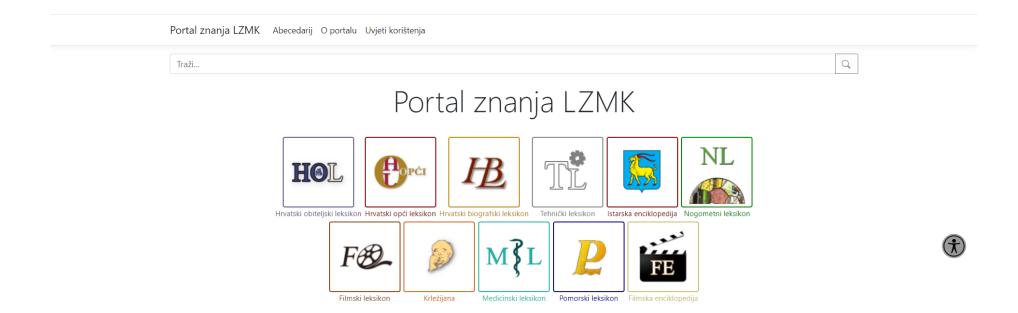
## Portal znanja / Portal of Knowledge enciklopedija.lzmk.hr

- Since 2008 archival print editions are being digitised
- Collection of digitised encyclopedic content was launched in 2009
- 10 digitised editions
- 130 000 articles
- Digitisation of archival editions – ongoing project



enciklopedija.lzmk.hr

### Redesign of Portal of Knowledge – end of 2023



#### Hrvatska enciklopedija / Croatian Encyclopaedia enciklopedija.hr

- Institute's fundamental edition
- General encyclopedia with a focus on Croatia
- Online edition was launched in 2013
- Based on the print edition published in 11 volumes from 1999 to 2009, authored by over 1000 external experts
- Contains more than 71 000 articles
- Constantly updated and expanded

In 2022:

9 565 117 visits

12 962 864 pageviews

Krleža, Miroslav TRAŽI DALJE: Krleža Miroslav ...

VIDI JOŠ:

Hrvatski biografski leksikon

Enciklopediia Krleže

STRUKE: JEZIK I KNJIŽEVNOST **HRVATSKA** KNJIŽEVNOST



LEKSIKOGRAFSKI ZAVOD MIROSLAV KRLEŽA

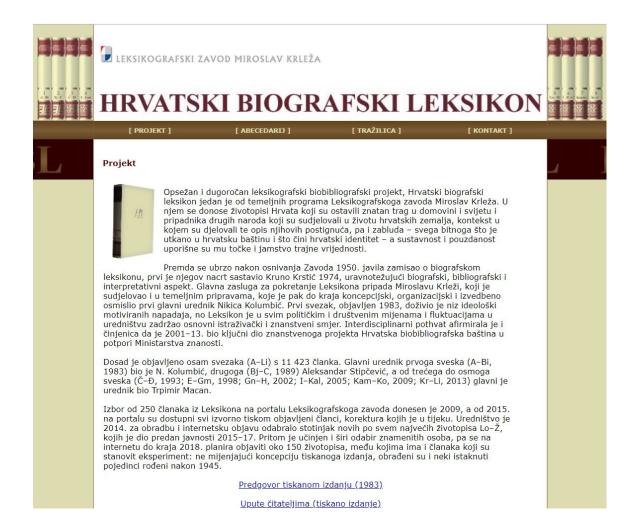
#### Krleža, Miroslav

Krleža, Miroslav, hrvatski književnik (Zagreb, 7. VII. 1893 – Zagreb, 29. XII. 1981). Autor najznačajnijih tekstova hrvatske književnosti XX. st. i pokretač mnogih kulturnih inicijativa zasnovanih na kritičkom osvješćivanju hrvatskog društva, što je njegov opus učinilo jednom od središnjih odrednica u izgradnji moderne Hrvatske. Djelujući u uvjetima izrazite društvene podijeljenosti s obzirom na temeljne probleme zajednice, uspio je, ne izbjegavajući prijepore, uobličiti svoju polaznu, estetsku poziciju kao nedvojbenu za pristaše i protivnike, pa je integralnost njegova djela i misli u bitnoj pretpostavci nacionalnoga kulturnoga standarda.

Krleža je podrijetlom iz građanske obitelji s nekoliko sjevernohrvatskih nasljednih odvjetaka, što mu je pomoglo da unatoč skromnu statusu roditelja stekne solidnu obrazovnu i socijalnu osnovu. Nižu je gimnaziju završio u Zagrebu, 1908. otišao je u kadetsku školu u Pečuh, a 1911. u vojnu akademiju Ludoviceum u Budimpešti, ali ju je napustio već 1913. pokušavajući, zaokupljen balkanskom krizom, preko Pariza i Soluna stići do Beograda. Bez uporišta u Srbiji, vratio se u Zagreb, počeo raditi u novinskim redakcijama, objavljivati prve književne priloge te postao profesionalnim književnikom. Potkraj 1915. bio je unovačen i u ljeto 1916. poslan na bojište u Galiciji; zbog bolesti je bio oslobođen od vojne službe na ratištu pa se potkraj 1917. vratio u Zagreb. Pisao je komentare o stanju na bojištima I. svjetskog rata, počeo objavljivati prve knjige te s krugom vršnjaka na valu općega nezadovolistva i skromnih zasada socijaldemokratske tradicije sudjelovati u formiranju začetaka hrvatskoga komunističkoga pokreta. Nastojeći otpočetka zadržati gestu umjetnika kojemu je programatski i stvarno namjera fiksirati a ne uređivati svijet, 1919. s A. Cesarcem pokrenuo je i uređivao avangardistički časopis Plamen, poričući mitove hrvatske kulture, ali i tzv. vidovdanski kompleks, kroz koji su se očitovale prave težnje srpske politike. Časopis je bio zabranjen, a Krležu je policijski nadzor pratio sve do uspostave komunističkog poretka 1945. Kazališta i nakladnici počeli su 1920-ih prihvaćati Krležinu suradnju, pa su on i njegova supruga Bela, pošto je potkraj 1920-ih ona dobila stalni glumački angažman, postali istaknut umjetnički par, a njihov je dom sve do njihove smrti bio važnom točkom društvenog života. Premda je Krležino djelo izrazito određeno Zagrebom, više je puta dulje vrijeme izbivao: 1920–21. boravio je u ludbreškome kraju, početkom 1925. nekoliko je mjeseci boravio

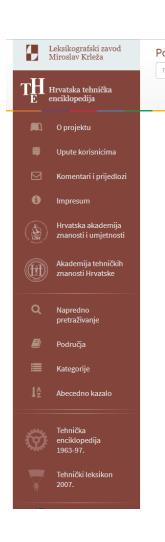
Hrvatska enciklopedija Impresum O enciklopediji Upute Područja i struke Kontakt





Hrvatski biografski leksikon / Croatian Biographical Dictionary hbl.lzmk.hr

- Institute's fundamental edition and permanent programme of the national culture
- 9 volumes (A-Marj) since 1983
- 8 printed volumes are digitised and made available online
- Digital version is updated with over 200 biographies of prominent individuals (Lo-Ž)
- In total 12 000 articles





Prehrambena industrija razvija

nove proizvode....

Autor: Z. Herceg, V. Lelas,

Hrvatska tehnička enciklopedija Croatian Encyclopaedia of Technology / tehnika.lzmk.hr

- Published simultaneously as a print and digital edition - Portal of the Croatian Technology Heritage
- 1st volume published in 2018, 2nd in 2022
- Contains more than 2000 articles
- Constantly updated and expanded

u Zagrebu, gdje je 1910.

izgrađen i uzletio zrakoplov Slavoljuba Penkale. 🕞



- Published
- Updated

#### Browse by:

- Subject
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### Additional information:

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- Recommended literature
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- Did you know?
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Autor: Uredništvo Objavljeno: 5. studenoga 2015 Ažurirano: 21. studenoga 2018

Komentari i prijedlozi

Hrvatska akademija znanosti i umjetnosti

Akademija tehničkih

znanosti Hrvatske

Područja

Kategorije

Abecedno kazalo

Impresum

Degen, Henrik (Heinrich, Henricus) (Lübeck, oko 1801 – Molve, 4. X. 1861), ljevač zvona, izlio najveće zvono zagrebačke katedrale.

Podrijetlom Nijemac, 1833. došao je u Zagreb i stupio kao pomoćnik u zagrebačku ljevaonicu zvona, koju je vodio Antun Schiffer. Nakon Schifferove smrti 1834., vjenčao se njegovom udovicom 1837. te uzeo ljevaonicu u zakup. Posebno se istaknuo lijevajući velika zvona. Godine 1837. pretalio je staro zvono sv. Ladislava, što su ga 1721. izlili Ivan Foresti i Baltazar Schmidt, te izlio novo istoga naziva, koje je rastaljeno 1916. za ratne potrebe. Godine 1843. izlio je dotad najveći brončani odljevak u Hrvatskoj, zvono Sv. Trojstva (Veliki zvon, kako su ga zvali Zagrepčani), visoko 2,16 m, promjera 2,21 m te mase 6453 kg. Oba su zvona lijevana za zagrebačku katedralu i ubrajaju se u remek-djela zvonoljevarstva. Njegova su zvona ornamentički bogata, sa širokim vijencima od ruža ili hrastovih grančica s klasjem. U izradbi manjih zvona nije uvijek vodio računa o simetriji, već je figure, ornamente i natpise raspoređivao tako da ispune cijelu površinu zvona. Uz dotadašnje latinske natpise počeo je stavljati i hrvatske (1835). U Hrvatskoj je registrirano više od 260 njegovih zvona. Jedna ulica u Zagrebu nosi njegovo ime.



#### Degen, Henrik



Zvono sv. Ladislava preliveno iz staroga zvona, 1837. izradio Henrik Degen

Ljevač zvona, izlio najveće zvono zagrebačke katedrale.

#### pći podatci

Ime

Henrik (Heinrich, Henricus)

Prezime

Degen

Mjesto i datum rođenja

Lübeck (Njemačka), 1801.

Mjesto i datum smrti

Molve, 04. 10. 1861.

Kategorije i područja

Kategorija osobe

Potkategorija

industrijski stručnjaci

Područje

strojarstvo

Uže područje

proizvodno strojarstvo

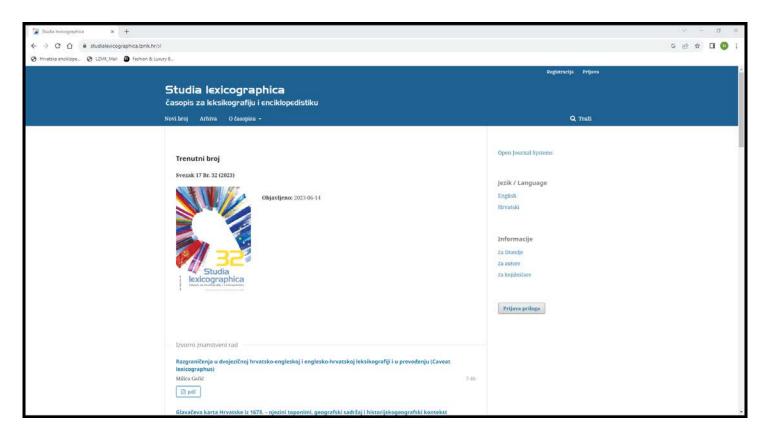
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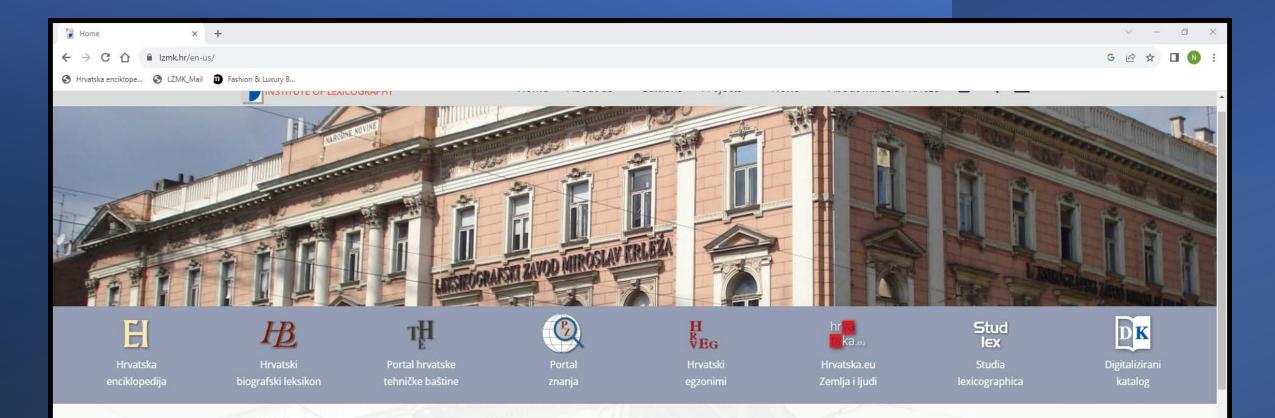
Search

- Highlighted information about the topic (brief content overview with basic information about the article)
- Rich metadata source for internal and external networking

#### Studia lexicographica:

- Interdisciplinary journal of lexicography and encyclopedistics launched in 2007
- Publishes papers from all fields of research, especially the humanities and social sciences, that correspond to lexicography and encyclopaedistics as a branch in the field of information and communication sciences in Croatia.
- studialexicographica.lzmk.hr/sl





#### About us



The Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography is the Croatian central lexicographic institution. It was established on October 5, 1950 following the incentive of the writer and erudite Miroslav Krleža. Since then, all through to the present, the editions of the Institute of Lexicography are an important contribution to the maintenance and development of the Croatian cultural standard. Encyclopaedias, atlases, dictionaries, lexicons and bibliographies of the Institute of Lexicography are traditionally reliable and explain in a distinguishing manner facts relating to the Croatian heritage and social reality. T

Read more...



## Publicly available repository of encyclopaedic knowledge

- > Systematisation and dissemination of scientifically verified knowledge, as well as popularisation of results of scientific research
- ➤ Possibilities of linking to the digital data and collections of other research and cultural institutions serving as the important component of digital knowledge infrastructure
- Encyclopaedic portals could represent a new concept of encyclopaedias in the digital realm by serving as platforms for data networking and sharing, a sort of 'junction points' that connect diverse digital content on a specific topic

## Collabortive efforts of the Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography:

Europedia (2008)

DARIAH-HR (since 2015)

Znameniti.hr (since 2017)

EminentPeople (2017-2018)

Time Machine (since 2018); Time Machine Organisation (since 2020)

Stronger together: Building visible and sustainable online encyclopaedias for free access to reliable knowledge in an era of post-truth and propaganda (2019)

InTaVia: In/Tangible European Heritage (since 2020)

European and North American Encyclopedia Network (since 2022)

*CroFacta* (2023-2025)

Croatian Initiative for Open Scholarly Books (2023)

### Reform of Research Assessment:

Key elements of the research assessment policies that could contribute to the academic recognition of encyclopedias:

- Acknowledgment of the diversity of scientific outputs (both in formats and languages)
- Providing open access to publications
- > Contributing to the societal impact of research

Thank you for your attention!

Nataša Jermen

The Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography



